

PM Hamza's vow to tackle the corruption situation must be prioritized

BY ABDI MOHAMED 5 magazine

With a score of 9 out of 100 on the 2020 Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) that was issued by Transparency International, Somalia was ranked as the country with the highest level of corruption in the whole globe. This rating takes into consideration the views of public sector corruption experts from 180 different nations and territories. The circumstance had not changed throughout the course of the previous years.

The present government views the elimination of corruption as one of its highest priorities because of the widespread impact it has on the Somali people. On the occasion of International Anti-Corruption Day, which was hosted by the Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs, Prime Minister Hamza Abdi Barre made the announcement that the government is launching a revolution to combat corruption, with the purpose of improving both efficiency and accountability.

The Prime Minister emphasized that corruption is a major issue that hinders societal and economic progress. He stated that it creates social divisions, erodes public trust in government, and prevents qualified individuals from serving in government positions. Additionally, the Prime Minister mentioned that corruption can damage a nation's reputation.

He asked the Somali people to participate in the ongoing war against corruption, and he urged the public to have a culture of hateful corruption in the country as the government system is straightened out. PM Hamza gave the Somali people the assurance that he will work toward ensuring that corruption is eliminated in Somalia.

The level of corruption in the country is extremely high, and according to experts, the majority of corruption cases in Somalia

involve the misuse of public funds, the abuse of power for personal gain, and the acceptance of bribes by officials. The Prime Minister has stated that all of these forms of corruption will be combated in order to create a Somalia that is free of corruption.

The Prime Minister, emphasized that there is no greater enemy than corruption in our country except for the Alshabab group, which is why the government's war against the Alshabab group will lead to an uprising and a war against the corruption that has plagued our country.

Corruption in Somalia is a pervasive problem that affects many aspects of life in the country, including the government, businesses, and everyday interactions.

Because corruption has a negative impact on the rule of law, it discourages investment, and it fosters an atmosphere of mistrust and cynicism among the general populace, the Prime Minister has made it a priority to make the fight against corruption as vital as the fight against corruption.

Way forward

The current administration needs to quickly form an anti-corruption agency while following all procedures, and implement all of the legal and regulatory frameworks, as well as the training of law enforcement and judicial officials in order to effectively combat corruption. As of right now, the country does not have an agency because the existing one was dissolved due to some irregularities on how it was initially formed by the previous administration. As a result, the current administration needs to quickly form an anti-corruption agency in order to combat corruption.

In addition, in order to combat corruption in Somalia in a

manner that is both more efficient and effective, it will be necessary to address the factors that are at the root of the issue. These factors include a lack of accountability and transparency within the government, as well as the absence of efficient systems of checks and balances.

In order to put an end to corruption, fundamental political and institutional changes, as well as the continued commitment and assistance of the global community, are required. There are several approaches to fighting corruption, including the following: Put in place rigorous legal and regulatory standards: Legislation may be passed by governments that makes corrupt behavior a criminal offense and specifies appropriate punishments for people who participate in corrupt behavior.

It is important for there to be more accountability and transparency, and one way to do this would be for governments to make public information, such as statistics on budgets and bids for contracts, accessible to the general public. It is possible for governments to educate and teach public officials on ethical conduct, as well as to foster the formation of strong values and ethical standards, in order to promote integrity and ethical behavior.

To guarantee that public officials are held responsible for their activities, governments have the ability to create independent monitoring organizations, such as audits and inspections. Encourage people to become involved in civic society.

Organizations within civil society have the potential to play a significant part in the monitoring and exposing of corrupt practices, as well as the promotion of change. Sharing best practices and working together to prevent corruption is something that can be accomplished via the cooperation of national governments and international institutions like the United Nations and the World Bank.

If all of these things are properly applied, the Prime Minister will be victorious in his fight against corruption.

